

#### **Process Gas Analysers**

HPR-30 Series for Process Characterisation

#### **Summary**

In order to fully characterise a plasma process it is important firstly to identify each of the critical processing steps. These may include high vacuum preparation, backfill with reagent gases, processing step and finally post processing pump down. In each of these stages Hiden's HPR-30 Series provides the diagnostic and data handling capability to ensure key information is routinely measured, logged and interrogated. The measurements described in this note were carried out using an HPR-30 Series instrument to monitor the various processing steps during a wafer device etching stage.



## Step 1: Base Pressure Residual Gas Analysis

With the process tool under vacuum a fingerprint of the residual gases using the integral "RGA" facility is obtained. This will reveal the composition of base pressure components such hydrogen, water and nitrogen. These will initial measurements indicate whether there are any issues to be addressed, such as locating the source of an air leak or if a bakeout cycle on the chamber is required, the residual gas composition can have a significant plasma impact the process on composition and therefore the gases should be identified and compared from

run to run. In addition, the integrity of for instance, gas feed lines can be checked by taking a series of RGA fingerprints with different parts of the tool isolated from the mass spectrometer.

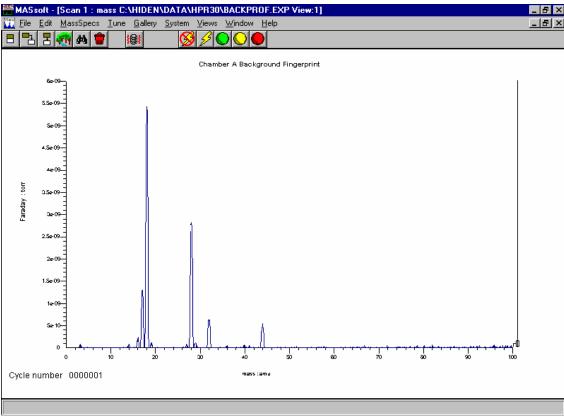


Figure 1: Base Pressure Residual Gas Analysis



## Step 2: Process Gas Composition Analysis

Following base pressure analysis the process chamber is back filled with reagent gases (for example nitrogen, chlorine or hydrogen bromide). Using the "gas analysis" feature, the HPR-30 will confirm the process gas composition and detail the levels of anv contaminants and residuals. The combination of base pressure residuals (still present during the processing step) and contaminant gases, from the process gas lines and associated inlet system, contribute to the quality of the process. All of these components can be automatically saved in template form future runs and comparisons between batches.

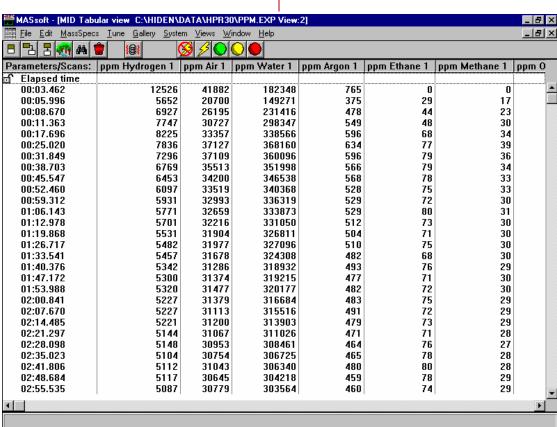


Figure 2: Process Gas Composition Analysis



# Step 3: Plasma Process Fingerprint

With the chamber at the correct processing pressure the plasma is powered on. The gas analysis feature (as detailed in Step 2) can be used to review and record the neutral gas composition of the plasma. The spectra produced provide then а basic fingerprint of the process. These spectra can be compared from batch to batch, and chamber to chamber in order to establish reproducibility transferability. The data represents a quality control report for each process run.

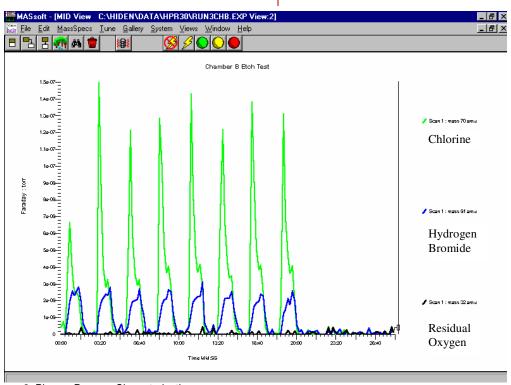


Figure 3: Plasma Process Characterisation